Glasgow Declaration

- 1. The role of European Board Examinations is complementary to National Examinations where they exist.
- 2. Countries which do not have their own examination are encouraged to consider using the appropriate European Board Examination.
- 3. European Board Examinations are regarded as a quality mark for independent practice at the end of specialist training. Passing a European Board Examination does not give a right to practise in any UEMS country. Such rights are granted solely by the relevant National Authority
- 4. All European Board Examinations shall publish both a Curriculum (as set out in Chapter 6 of the UEMS Training Charter) and minimum requirements for examination
- 5. Candidates for the final part of a European Board Examination should <u>either</u> be trainees in the final year of training in a UEMS member country who have fulfilled the requirements of that national training body where one exists <u>or</u> be certified specialists.
- 6. Candidates of any nationality shall be eligible to sit the European Board Examinations.
- 7. Candidates who pass a European Board Examination and who are certified specialists may call themselves "Fellow of the European Board of" or will receive a "Certificate of the European Board of".
- 8. Trade sponsorship should not be used to subsidise the examination.
- 9. It is proposed to establish a Council for European Specialist Medical Examinations (CESME) as an advisory body to the UEMS and its sections.